

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11.—Rain this p.m. and tonight; also Saturday; light N.E. to brisk W wind.

Northern California: Rain this p.m. and Saturday; warmer; fresh W wind.

Oakland Tribune.

RESCUED FROM A WRECKED STEAMER

Passengers and Crew of Russian Owe Their Lives to Heroic Fishermen.

FARAMAN, Jan. 11.—After a night of terrible suspense, all of the passengers and crew of the French steamer Russie, which stranded near here during a violent storm Monday, have been safely landed.

As the life-line connected from the shore with the steamer parted again yesterday afternoon, when night set in no communication with the stranded steamer was possible. The last signal message read as follows:

"We have not a scrap of food left."

On receipt of this signal, fishermen made two more plucky launches of their boat, but were beaten back and as the Russie disappeared in the darkness those on board apparently were trying to launch their only remaining boat.

The storm raged with renewed fury during the night, and only those who were compelled to do so stayed on the shore, of whom huddled beneath a tarpaulin and others seeking refuge from the gale in the Faraman light-house.

At midnight two boats with lines attached to them were launched, but both attempts to reach the Russie were fruitless.

In the early morning hours torches were lit at the bow of the Russie, and in response to the signal the fishermen made another effort to reach the wreck, and they succeeded. They found the crew and the fisherman, who belong to the fishing village of Carro, gathered around a bonfire made of wreckage from the steamer, drenched to the skin and with teeth chattering from cold, but not discouraged. Their heroism finally was rewarded, as with daybreak the weather perceptibly moderated, the sea became calmer, and the wind having shifted from east to north, the Carro fishermen, at about 6:30 A. M., put to sea again.

CHINESE TREATY CRUSHED BY CAR.

Report That China's Envoy's Have Signed Is Not Confirmed.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The State Department has failed to give official confirmation to the report that the Chinese peace treaty had been signed by the Chinese envoys.

VOLUNTEERS SAIL.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Adjutant General received a cable message today from General MacArthur at Manila, saying that the transport Sheridan sailed yesterday with twenty-seven officers and 650 enlisted men of the Thirty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, and that the transports Logan and Lenox arrived at Manila today.

EMBEZZLER ESCAPES.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 11.—Detectives here who have been trying to locate Frank Brown, charged with embezzling \$197,000 from the Newport, Ky., Bank, have reached the conclusion that although he has been here in attendance at the races, Brown has fled to escape capture. Several persons claim to have conversed with Brown at the race track and that he was going to San Francisco.

EX-COMPTROLLER DEAD.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—William L. Trenholm, who was Comptroller of the Treasury during President McKinley's administration, died at his home in this city today of pneumonia. Mr. Trenholm was born in Charleston, S. C., February 3, 1846. He was a member of the United States Civil Service Commission in 1855-6 and Comptroller of the Currency from 1882 to 1892.

M'KINLEY RECOVERING.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The President spent a restful night and continues to improve. Nothing in his case at all unfavorable has so far appeared. Yesterday he sat up in bed for a short time and probably will do so again today.

PUT THE STAMP OF YOUR DISAPPROVAL ON PYGMY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND VOTE AT THE PRIMARY TOMORROW.

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Three men were injured, two probably fatally, by the explosion today of the main boiler in the Bidar and Morencie Mill Company's plant at Oak Park.

Eastern Weather.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Temperatures at 7 a.m.: New York, 36°; Boston, 24°; Philadelphia, 38°; Washington, 41°; Chicago, 30°; Cincinnati, 38°; St. Louis, 30°.

PLANNING TWENTY MINUTE SERVICE.

Railroad Company May Soon Put an Extra Boat on Local Run.

The spectators watched with fast-beating hearts as the boat disappeared through the waves. More than once it was thought to be engulfed, but a small craft rose in sight again, approaching gradually nearer to the Russie.

Then a rope was thrown which the fishermen caught and the lifeboat soon afterward was alongside. Then above the howling wind rose cries of joy from those on board the Russie, which were reechoed by the crowd ashore. Another boat, manned by four men, was soon alongside, and succeeded in reaching the wrecked vessel.

A few minutes later the Carro boat left the Russie's side, heavily laden. As she approached the shore the occupants were seen to be women and one baby. The enthusiasm was delicious.

The spectators plunged into the sea. Some of them dragged the lifeboat ashore and others lifted the women out of the boat and carried them in their arms, thus saving the lives of the ladies.

One woman was clasped in the arms of her son, who had been waiting on shore since Monday. She swam and had to be transported on a stretcher, hastily constructed from wreckage and covered with blankets, to the lifeboat.

The other women collapsed from fatigue, cold and hunger. Their haggard faces and trembling limbs told of the awful experiences they had gone through.

It was unfortunate that want of foresight resulted in all the nourishment being kept at the lighthouse, two miles distant, for the sufferers had to walk there, assisted by their friends, before restoratives could be administered to them.

The four-oared boat next arrived with seven more passengers, and the lifeboat then made repeated journeys until all were saved and sheltered in the lighthouse.

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10% off
on our entire stock during January
jacket sale

FRIDAY — SATURDAY — MONDAY

250 fall and winter jackets—fly-front, box-front, single- and double-breasted, in blue, black, navy and tan, sold for \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Now \$2.50 to \$7.50
(net)

wrapper sale

FRIDAY — SATURDAY — MONDAY

150 Flannelette Wrappers—fall and winter colorings and designs—sold for \$1.50 to \$3.25

Now \$1.00 to \$2.00
(net)

TAFT & PENNOVER (Inc.)
1161-1173 Broadway 467-469 Fourteenth.

PROFESSOR IN A TIGHT CORNER.

University Man Crowded to the Wall By A. A. Moore's Questions.

The exploitation of the marsh at San Lorenzo belonging to Captain William Roberts in the water case has a serious as well as a comical side. The wells that young Roberts "jolted" alternately, and which he said discharged mud balls, lava and marine shells, constitute the basis of a water supply that the astute Council has stated out for the city of Oakland.

After fixing the water rates last March the Council took an option on the Captain's salt marsh and sank a well over 500 feet deep without finding any water to speak of. The option was thrown up, but a short time ago when the Water Company had nearly completed its case, the Council took another option on the marsh at the instance of City Attorney Dow and M. K. Miller, who poses as a non-chartered City Engineer. Whether it was really intended to palm this marsh off on the city or the option was renewed to serve a purpose in the water suit must be left to conjecture.

Professor Lawson of the State University has been put on the stand to prove that he knows how much water there is under the ground by observing surface indications. A. A. Moore's humorous suggestion that scientific deduction even with the aid of a witch hazel could hardly go so far aroused Lawyer Hayne's ire and he fiercely demanded that the other attorneys be more respectful to the professor. He was still smarting under the unfeeling guffaw that McCutcheon had given young Roberts, who guiltlessly testified that he knew the well passed through limestone because he tasted the bottoms and they didn't taste like lime, and he wanted to protect his expert from being exposed to ridicule.

It further appeared that the famous '56 well which Captain Roberts described as casting up balls of galvanized iron to such an extent that he quit using it in alarm now only flows a tiny stream through a half-inch hole in the broken casing.

All the other wells except the two new ones appear to be afflicted with some ailment that interferes with the free discharge of water. But Professor Lawson is supposed to tell how much water can be found there. Others familiar with the place say that a continuous pumping under force of draught is likely to produce any quantity of water but that it will be salt. The suction drawing it from the San Leandro Bay. But these persons do not have salt marshes to sell the city, nor have they been able to discern evidence of volcanic action in the vicinity of Roberts Landing.

The lawyers batted Professor Lawson some more this morning. However, the geologist did not seem to mind it as much as the legal attorney for the city.

Prior to beginning the examination Mr. McCutcheon stated that Mr. Dingley was laboring under a mistake in charging that the blue print of the Alvarado well district were abstracted from his office. Inquiry showed that Mr. Hewson had given them to one of the city's experts. Dingley's impression that Dingley's Boardroom had been on the part of Mr. Hewson, and Mr. McCutcheon said he made the statement in justice to the defendant. Professor Lawson said the character of any accumulation could be as definitely determined by observation and reasoning from analogies. Geologists say that given conditions and indications will always show the character of the accumulations underneath.

Hayne asked if there was a subterranean stream under the general ter-

ground reservoirs or subterranean streams which could be drawn upon.

"But to what extent is another question," he added. "The precise boundaries of this artesian district, or 'troughs,' as he called it, could not be stated, he said.

"What is the quantity of water that can be supplied, in your opinion, from these underground reservoirs or subterranean streams? State it in quantities, gallons if you can?" asked Hayne.

This question exposes the fundamental weakness of this testimony," said McCutcheon. "The witness is asked to give mere speculation as to how much water can be obtained from 'troughs' underground reservoirs, subterranean streams and whatnot in a wide range of territory. He is not asked to give it in gallons without limitation as to depth or special locality. It is an insult to the intelligence of any court to ask it to hear such statement as evidence."

"I desire to protect the witness from the imputation of counsel," said Hayne. "It is no imputation on the witness to say that his speculations cannot be accepted as evidence as to specific facts in this case," replied McCutcheon. Then the lawyers huddled againly together.

THREE COLLEGE MAN WALKED.

"Do you know where San Lorenzo Creek breaks through the mountains to the north of Niles?"

"Yes."

"There is a fan or cone as you call it radiating from the mouth of San Lorenzo Canyon, is there not, similar to the one at the mouth of Niles Canyon?"

"Yes."

"Of the same general character?"

"Yes."

"It is supplied by a much less drainage area than the one at Niles Canyon?"

"The drainage area is much smaller."

"Will it supply one-fourth as much water as the drainage area of Niles Canyon?"

"I would think not."

"Will it supply one-eighth as much?"

"I could not say exactly how much."

"Between the San Lorenzo Canyon and Niles Canyon there is a sharp mountain range that juts into the valley, is there not?"

"I don't think so."

"Did you ever go over the road between Niles and Haywards?"

"Yes, I walked it."

"It must be hilly."

"I wouldn't call it hilly."

"What is it?"

"It is undulating."

"Is it up and down all the time?"

"It undulates."

"Is there ten feet of level road the whole way?"

"I should think you could find ten feet that is comparatively level."

"It is about nine miles from Niles to Haywards, is it not?"

"I think so."

"Is it across that?"

"About that."

"Is it not up and down over mountain spurs all the way?"

"I wouldn't call them mountain spurs."

"What direction is Haywards from Niles?"

"West of north."

A SCIENTIST IN THE TROUGHS.

"How far is San Lorenzo from Haywards?"

"About four miles."

"What direction is it?"

"North of west."

"Is it not almost due west?"

"I think it is a little north of west."

At this time the object of Moore's line of cross-examination became obvious, and it also appeared obvious that he had crowded the geologist into a very dangerous corner. The point is that the wells at Alvarado and along the Alameda were all depleted after it is exhausted.

STORAGE CAPACITY NOT SUPPLIED.

The geologist stated that the storage capacity represented the quantity of water that could be held in reserve in the gravel but did not represent the amount of continuous flow. When the reserve water was drawn off then the replenishment which was governed by the average rainfall would constitute the steady supply.

In the Niles basin, which he estimated to include about 5,000 acres, he said the bottom showed an average thickness of water bearing gravel down to sea level, and in his opinion the wells on the Roberts' land tapped this basin. With a sufficient number of wells properly distributed he thought a supply could be developed there similar to the one developed at Alvarado. All this was stated in the raised material tone of a teacher addressing a class and was recited off in the offhand manner of the professional lecturer.

NOT A WELL DIGGER.

"Does the science of geology teach a man to dig what is in the bowels of the earth?" asked Moore at the opening of the cross-examination.

"Bowels of the earth is not a geological expression," snapped the witness.

"It is a sort of well digger expression," added Moore.

"I'm not a well digger," retorted the geologist.

"Does geology enable you to discern in the recesses of the earth?"

"In a general way, yes."

"Does it enable you to tell where there are deposits of oil stored in sandstone?"

"I didn't say that."

"Has any oil well or gas well ever been discovered by the aid of geology?"

"I have not interested myself in that branch of business."

"Do you know of a single successful oil well bored in California on the advice of a geologist?"

"I don't recall any."

GEOLGISTS NOT OIL EXPERTS.

"Are geologists not competent to give advice in regard to oil deposits?"

"They have saved men from spending money foolishly."

"Did not the professors and others of the State University at Berkeley make mistakes in tunnels to get water and failed to get any?"

"I believe so."

"What was the cause of failure?"

"In my opinion the failure was due to the fact that the geological department was overlooked in the matter."

"Were you there at the time?"

"I was."

DID NOT MAKE MEASUREMENTS.

Professor Lawson said he had not taken measurements of the elevations at Niles and vicinity, nor had he made personal tests on the extent and thickness of the underground gravel bed.

"Did you examine the well at Niles?"

"No."

"Do you know of a flowing well at Niles?"

"No."

"Do you know of a flowing well within five miles of Niles?"

"No."

The professor said the continuous flow of the artesian basin was regulated by the average rainfall in the drainage area that feeds the gravel channel.

"If this drainage area is small the continuous flow will be proportionately small, will it not?"

"Certainly."

A DISSERTATION ON CLAY.

Professor Lawson said Clay was a composite of the silt or sediment and sand. Properly speaking, clay was nothing more than decomposed talc.

Then he laid with the aid of rough drafts on the blackboard to describe the formation of the underlying clay beds from Niles to the bay shore, and then asked if the clay beds under the bay did not rest on the bed rock. But the professor baulked; he would not give a direct answer, and the attorney dropped the inquiry, and made witness describe the general configuration of the gravel bed near Niles.

Then things began to happen to the professor. Moore drew a diagram on the blackboard of the throw out from the mouth of Niles Canyon which he called a fan. Then the professor called it an alluvial cone. It looked like a cake of maple sugar. Decoto was marked on the northern boundary, Irvington on the eastern border, and Centerville on the southern extension, and asked the witness if that did not represent his artesian gravel bed.

"I can't tell without looking at the map."

"You have been all over that region, don't you know?"

"I would prefer to look at a map before answering."

"This witness is testifying to the contents of a map," interrupted McCutcheon.

"Do you know anything of your own knowledge that is not on a map?" asked Moore.

"I think so," answered the professor with a disdainful smile. "Maybe as much as lawyers."

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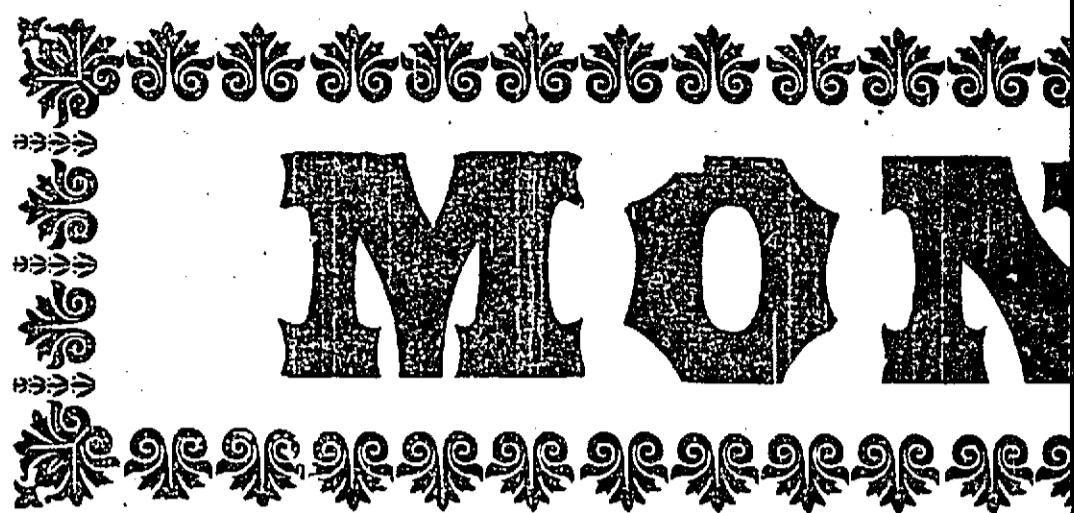
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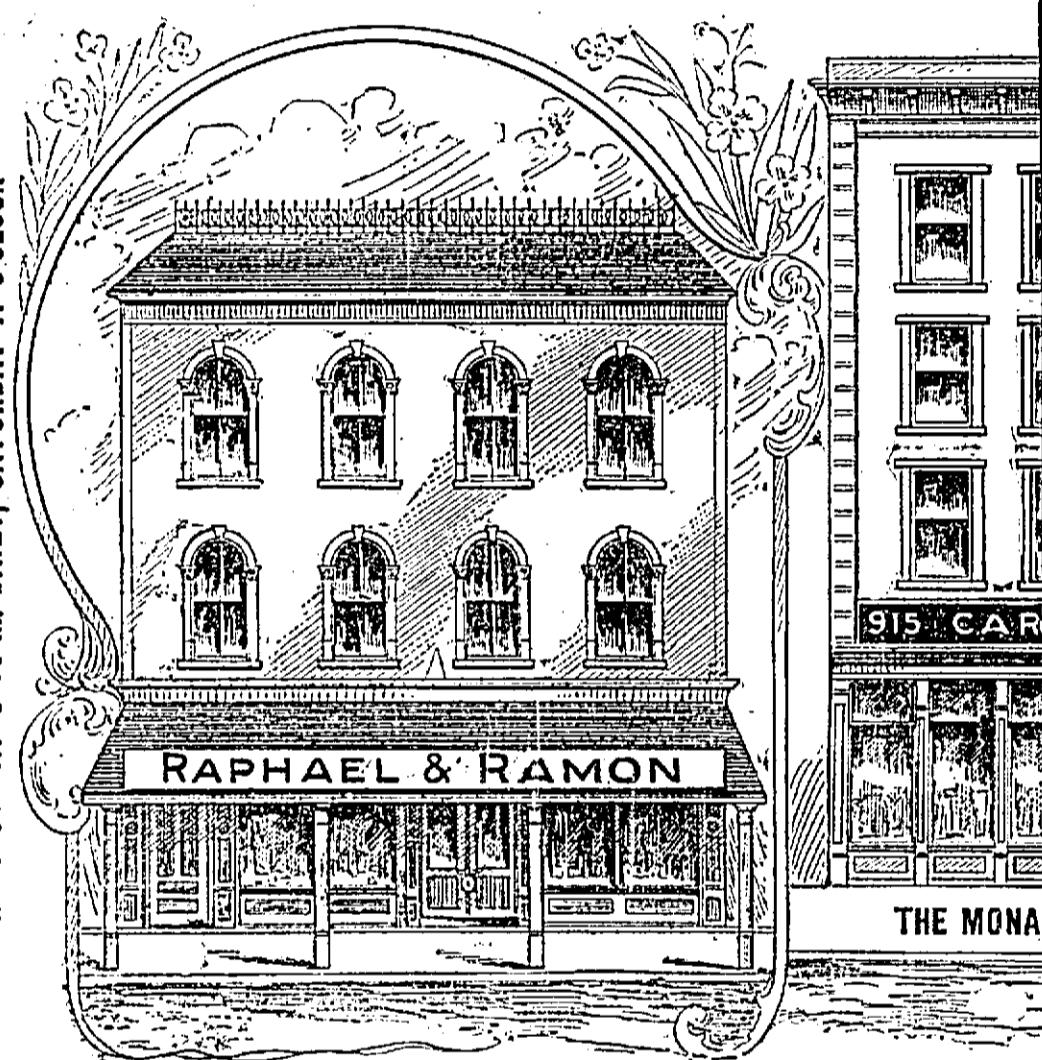
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Corner Eleventh and W

WE CLOSE AT 6 P. M. DAILY, SATURDAY 11 O'CLOCK



SANTA ROSA, CAL.

THE MONARCH, 915 MARKET ST. SAN FRANCISCO

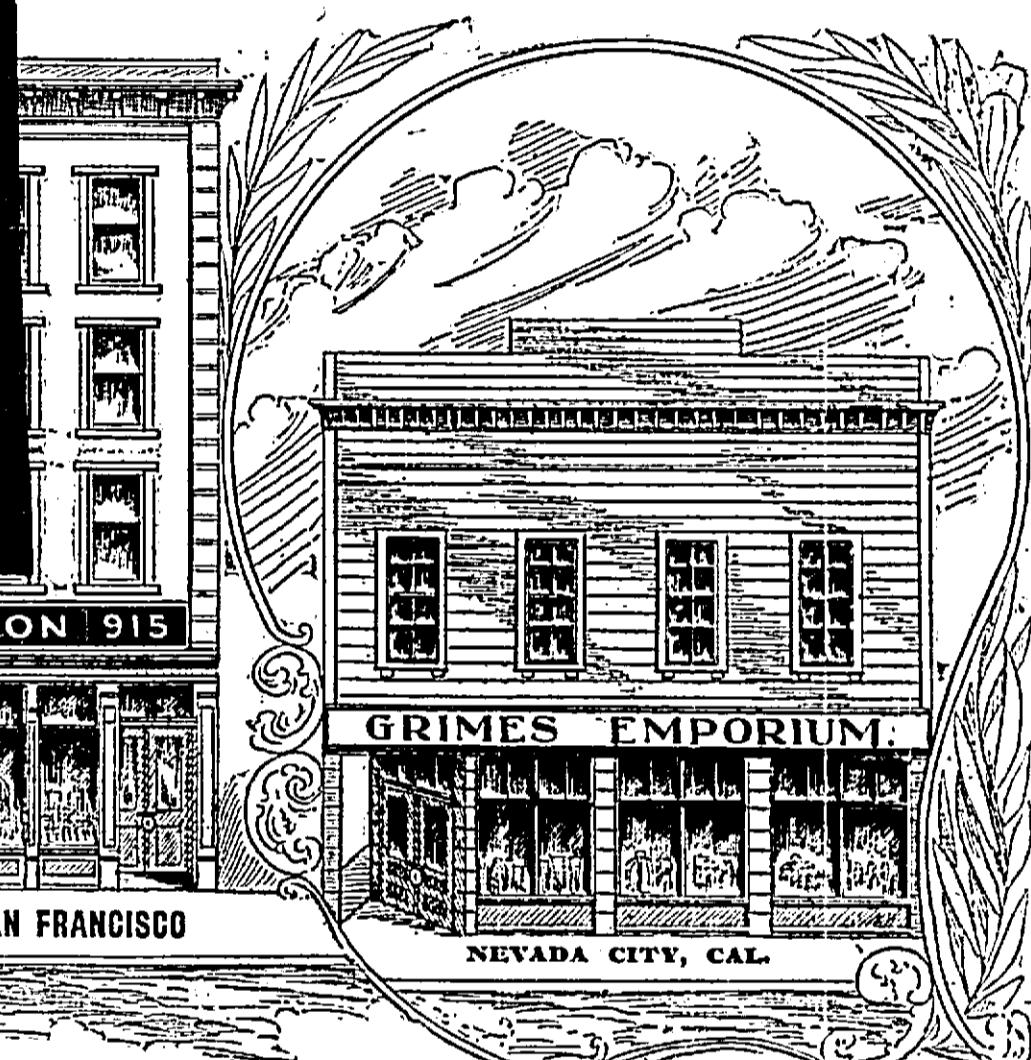
BANKRUPT STOCKS



"CHEAPEST."

in Streets, Oakland, Cal.

WE CLOSE AT 6 P. M. DAILY, SATURDAY 11 O'CLOCK



NEVADA CITY, CAL.

The above illustration is to give the public in general a little insight into our affairs; having purchased in the last six months, the above stores in their entirety. Stocks consisting of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Trunks, Boots, Shoes, and many other good and useful articles of Wearing Apparel and as we are desirous of selling same at once you'd better read this advertisement carefully, then come and take advantage of this Bankrupt Sale of Bankrupt Stock.

MEN'S SUITS, all sizes, worth \$4, \$6, \$8, \$1.95	MEN'S GOOD STRONG WORKING PANTS, all sizes, in many shades, 65c	CHILDREN'S TOP AND CAPE COAT, many different styles, age 3 to 12. \$1.95	Men's Wool Flannel UNDERWEAR, all sizes one-half price
MEN'S WOOL SUITS, in light and dark colors, all sizes, \$3.45	MEN'S and YOUTH'S CASSIMERE PANTS, also Worsted, \$1.45	BOYS' REEFER AND MIDDY SUITS, many different patterns, age 3 to 10. \$1.05	Shirts or Drawers 25c
MEN'S SACK SUITS, full satin piped and lined blue, tan and black, \$5.95	YOUTH'S SUIT, in D. B. and R. C. Blue Cheviot, age 12 to 19, \$2.95	BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, Wool and Cheviot material, age 4 to 15. 85c	Men's and Young Men's RIBBED UNDERWEAR, pink, blue and salmon color. 35c
MEN'S OVERCOATS, Dark and Tan Melton, all sizes, \$4.95	YOUTH'S FINE DRESS SUIT, in Worsted, age 12 to 19, \$3.45	BOY'S WOOL KNEE PANTS, all colors and all sizes. 15c	Men's stylish Silk front GOLF SHIRTS, all sizes 35c
MEN'S OVERCOATS, Fine Kersey and Covert Cloth, latest styles, very fine, \$6.45	YOUTH'S FINE ULSTERS & OVERCOATS, Good Wool Material, age 10 to 19. \$2.95	Men's and Youths' very STYLISH DRESS HATS, all shapes and colors. 45c	Men's Heavy Wool SWEATERS, also Boys' 30c
			MEN'S FANCY HOSE, all sizes 5c
			Men's and Youths' nice GOLF CAPS, all sizes 10c

We will endeavor to explain why THE MONARCH of Oakland, Cal., is always the Cheapest. We buy Bankrupt Stock and sell same for less than one-half its original cost. All we ask of you is to call, try us once and you will come again. All goods sold guaranteed as to quality and price. Remember the place,

THE MONARCH

Always the Cheapest. Corner Eleventh and Washington Sts., Oakland

COME AND BE YOUR OWN SALESMAN

Oakland Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY (Sunday excepted)
—AT—
412, 415 and 417 EIGHTH STREET
—by the—
TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY,
WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.
Delivered by Carrier

—AT—

50c per Month



Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers will please report any irregularity or delay in the delivery of THE TRIBUNE. Notice sent to the business office, 417 Eighth street, or by telephone to Main 46 will receive prompt attention.

The Tribune in San Francisco.

THE OAKLAND TRIBUNE will be found on sale in San Francisco every evening at the following news stands: Foster & Oscar's, Ferry Building; Palace Hotel news stand; Grand Hotel news stand.

The Eastern offices of THE OAKLAND TRIBUNE are situated at 220 to 231 Temple Court, New York City, and at 217 and 218 U. S. Express Building, Chicago, with Mr. E. Katz as manager.

Amusements.

Macdonough—Jessie Shirley.
Dewey—The Last Stroke.
Columbia—Way Down East.
California—Human Hearts.
Orpheum—Vanderbilt.
Alcazar—Nell Gwynne.
Alhambra—Old Jed Prouty.
Morseco—A Virgin's Courtship.
Tivoli—Cinderella.

FRIDAY JANUARY 11, 1901

Kruger has notified his friends to prepare for the worst. He is evidently about to take a trip to the land of the manufacturer.

A celebrated Harvard rowing athlete has been selected to edit the London Daily News. That shows that his pull was not confined to this side of the water.

The plague is declared to be at Constantinople. Perhaps the report has been circulated by order of the Sultan to keep his creditors from calling.

A Colorado man fell 300 feet into a snowbank and escaped uninjured. That sort of thing turns up one of the very few consolations they can get out of the climate back that way.

Poor Mr. Lease of Kansas is an unfortunate victim of an unkind fate. Mrs. Lease has dismissed her divorce proceedings and has decided to "make up" and stay at home.

It is somewhat of a reflection upon the profession that although the Czar had seven physicians in attendance upon him during his recent illness he succeeded in recovering.

Count von Waldersee states that he will soon return to Europe. The news will be received incredulously by the Chinese, for their experience with him has created the belief that he never returns anything.

It is gratifying to learn that the Kentucky Congressmen are all in favor of a national irrigation system, although it is possible that it extends only to the kind of liquid they use in that State.

The fact that the Sultan has appointed a notorious Moslem brigand to a command in the infidel section of Turkey is an indication that he contemplates a further increase in his navy and is laying the foundation for another demand for indemnity.

A BATTLE OF BILLIONS

If Andrew Carnegie adheres to his determination to wage war on the American Tube trust the battle will be worthy of an epic. The antagonists are resolute and plentifully supplied with capital and it will be a duel between combinations reaching into the billions of dollars. Carnegie has heretofore wracked victory from every conflict. He is cold, calculating and shrewd. Behind the American in Tube trust is that autocrat of finance, J. Pierpont Morgan, who directed the manipulation of the New York stock in a deal involving nearly \$500,000,000. He, like Carnegie, has never gone down in defeat. Morgan will have the aid of many of the greatest financiers in the world and Carnegie will not stand alone, for he has behind him the organized interests that Morgan is striving to control. These elements have long clashed, and now that they have decided upon a well defined plan of battle the struggle will be of absorbing interest. Both sides have reached the limit of toleration for each other and the strife will be titanic.

It will involve all the great trusts, railroad corporations and financiers in the United States. It will be a battle of billions. Money, of course seeks peace, but it is more relentless than physical force when there is no profit in compromise. Of course the sympathies of the country will go out to Carnegie in his defense of the trusts. Unshamed capital arouses antipathies and the majority is against it. It favors the individual and will therefore applaud Carnegie and cheer him to success. But the outcome will be interesting.

A CLIMATIC COMPARISON.

We can well be content with our climatic conditions when we read of the terrible blizzards that are raging in the East. Here the mornings occasional—have a little snap in the air, but the unfortunate resident of the other side of the Rockies finds it difficult to get out of his home except by the chimney. With six feet of snow barreling the front door and a small-sized hole in the drifts, article leaning up against the rear entrance, the beautiful matin of winter, it's a little too tight for comfort.

Californians do not properly appreciate the favorable climatic conditions under which they live. We have but a few days in the entire year that are really disagreeable. We have no torrid waves of heat continuing for five months, with the monotony broken by thunder and lightning storms that tend to frighten us into a profound knowledge of the fact that their past has not been what it should have been. Then there are as many more months of snow, slush, ice and gray skies, leaving but about two months in which life presents some features of a pleasurable existence.

That we are not overcrowded with population is because most Eastern people do not believe such happy conditions of climate prevail here. They read about our great peaces in December, roses and lilies. In January, our flower clad hills of February and sunny skies all the year round and they credit most of it to fiction. Our even-tempered, mild and genial climatic conditions tend to the highest development of the human race, and it is destiny that upon our shores will arise a civilization as far ahead of that now prevailing as were Greece and Rome distinguished above the barbarians of the North.

All we have to do in California is to provide the necessities of life, for the climate brings peace, health and contentment. The old-time Spaniard dreamed away his life in our eternal sunlight, and when those of the present and future are brought to a realization of the fact that true enjoyment consists in contentment they will find that the earth holds no greater blessings than those attending life in California.

OUR DEMANDS ON CHINA.

While the other powers are piling up enormous indemnity claims against China, the United States asks for the modest sum of \$5,000,000. This amount over covers the cost of the expedition sent to the relief of the Peking legation and is not to be considered as punitive damages. Germany claims an aggregate of between \$75,000,000 and \$80,000,000, England wants \$60,000,000, France demands \$25,000,000, and Russia with an eye to future trade relations, asks for compensation in the sum of \$10,000,000.

Of course China will submit to the extortion as she cannot help herself, but her people and the imperial government will have occasion to long remember the advantage taken of her by Great Britain, France and Germany in the time of National distress, and the question is, will the sums of money demanded compensate them for the antagonism of the Mongolian race? The United States, Russia and Japan have been extraordinarily lenient, because they well appreciate the vast commercial advantages to be gained by cultivating the most friendly relations with that Oriental empire. Its trade possibilities are limitless and the profits to be derived are practically beyond calculation, and the time will come when the extortions of France, England and Germany will be a mere bagatelle compared to the golden harvest that Russia, Japan and the United States will be enabled to gather from their trade with China. In fact, to those having any business acumen, the three last named nations have placed themselves in a position to earn the good will and custom of the Mongols in people. With the increase of their trade relations they will naturally be compelled to stand sponsors for the integrity of the empire, and through a grasping policy France, England and Germany will lose an opportunity worth ten times the amount of the indemnity which they have so greedily demanded.

DRAWING FINE DISTINCTIONS.

The Alameda City Trustees have in their legislative wisdom decreed and ordained that Indian corn is not a vegetable, the very arousing the suspicion that it may possibly be a animal or a species of luscious fruit, which will, of course, cause the scientific world to await its anxious suspense the final determination. That the municipal wardens so decreed is due to the fact that there is in force an ordinance in that town wherein the raising of vegetables is prohibited within the pale of their jurisdiction. Therefore a corn-grower—not the patient of a chiropodist but the rasher of the stalky article that grows wild and produces fodder for the hungry cows and grain that tempt the appetites of the credulous hens—was aroused to fear that the penalties of the law would fall upon him, and he appealed to the clemency of the city fathers. They took evidence upon the issue and it developed that it had ears, which were an attribute of animal creation. Therefore it could not be a vegetable.

According to this reasoning potatoes should also be exempt for have not the pot toes eyes? Furthermore, as barley grows a beard and wheat has a head there is a possibility that they may also be considered as belonging to the animal creation, while the beet stalks, cabbage heads and beets in runners may likewise give themselves from the classification of condemnation.

All the newly found judgment of the Alameda Trustees for they are intensely human in their diagnosis of the problems they have solved.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Only the fool depends on what may possibly happen.

Love has made a fool of many a man who was considered wise.

Open is for a lawyer to rise at the bar is to stand on a chit.

Some girls never discover they have hearts till after they are lost.

One way to make a tall man appear short is by trying to borrow money of him.

With the possible exception of her tongue a woman can generally hold her own.

"Good but rather too pointed," as the fish said when it swallowed the baited hook.

When a married man has no mind of his own his wife is apt to give him a piece of hers.

When it comes to saving pennies a woman will save a dollar before a man has saved ten cents.

A New Jersey man tried to teach his cow to eat sawdust, but too much education killed the cow.

When a man goes to market and gets stuck on a tough fowl he is apt to lose his respect for old age.

A foolish never attempts to teach a goose, yet there are certain who imagine they are wiser than their parents.

The average man doesn't tell his wife everything that happens, but he evens it up by telling her a lot of things that didn't happen—Chicago News.

HIS SALUTATION.

She never again will speak to him,
This stupid youth so blind
She stood beneath the mistletoe,
He merely shook her hand.

—Washington Star.

WASTED OPPORTUNITIES.

The man who licks the icing off
May boast, in reliance of duty done,
But finds he's frittered quite away
The hours when other toils have fun.

—Washington Star.

IN HIS IMAGE.

Tale all in a word, the truth in God's breast
Tales true or false upon ours impressed
Though He is so bright and we are so dim,
We are made in His image to witness Him.

—Robert Browning.

Something Rare.

"Our new neighbor seems coarse!"
In what way?"
"I saw him the other day eating with his knife."
"What was he eating?"
"An apple."

"Great Caesar, woman did you ever see a man eat an apple with a fork?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Claiming Acquaintance.

Chimini—Dad's McCord, do heavyweight—me cousin used to go to school with me.

Billie—Dad ain't nuttin', me brudder had tree front teeth knocked out by m'out.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Reduced Hobo.

"Well," said the hump, as he cleaned off the clothesline by moonlight, "I never thought when I was young that I should ever be reduced to telling in washing."—Somerville Journal.

Steel Used in Railways.

Railways use over 2,000,000 tons of steel a year—almost half the world's product.

Many a man has given himself the credit of discovering a good thing that was in reality the result of an accident.—Chicago News.

Love brings flattery to a man's tongue and flutterings to a woman's heart.—Chicago News.

If a woman is dressed to kill she is a dangerous associate.

MOTHERHOOD

Is a natural instinct which shows itself in the girl as soon as she is big enough to play the mother to her doll. Unfortunately the womanly health does not always keep pace with the motherly instinct, and when real motherhood comes to mothers who suffer interminably during maternity and who are unable to nurse the weakling child which frets and moans in their arms.

Motherhood is prepared for and provided for by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures nausea, tranquilles the nerves, gives a healthy appetite and promotes restful sleep. It makes the baby's advent practically painless and gives the mother abundant strength to nurse her child.

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good" for weak and sickly women.

"Two years ago I was very sick and began taking your "Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. Ed. Hatchett, of Chardon, Geauga Co., Ohio. "When my baby was born I weighed twelve pounds and half a pound. I have had good health ever since, until about three weeks ago, when weeding my baby, I contracted a heavy cold. I am thankful that poor sufferers have such a grand chance to regain their health by using Dr. Pierce's medicine. It would take away the fear of a doctor's visit, and would be a great help to many more families under my observation."

"Thank you for your kind medical advice."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser in paper covers one cent free on receipt of 21 cents in one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ALBANY — McWilliams, Santa Monica; A. J. Adel and wife, Sacramento; A. L. Watkins and wife, Sacramento; A. Abernathy, Marysville; W. Abernathy, Marysville; C. A. Dell, Sacramento; J. J. Scott, Berkeley.

GALINDON—W. A. Gilmore, Sacramento; T. J. Stow, Cincinnati; J. H. Turner, Livermore; H. C. Moore, Toledo, Ohio; C. J. Berry, Toledo, Ohio; David White, Shingle, S. C.; Peter Shingle, William Thomas, Shingle, Al Braur, San Francisco.

METROPOLIS — Mrs. Josephine Gregg, New York; C. S. Kempf, United States Navy; Thomas W. Brooks, San Francisco; Mrs. William Blackburn, Boston.

TORRAINE—Captain Jones, ship steamer; P. Dallaway, Salem, Indiana; T. Spealley, Bakerfield; George T. Berg, Los Angeles; Jim Tally, Toledo, Ohio; C. J. Berry, Toledo, Ohio; David White, Shingle, S. C.; Peter Shingle, William Thomas, Shingle, Al Braur, San Francisco.

TOURIST—Misses McWilliams, Sacramento; Mrs. D. C. Peterson, San Francisco; Dr. P. Harmon, Oakland; E. Driggs, city; Frank M. Smith, Martinez; Charles Agustine Gravos, Martinez.

CHILLIN—H. Bareman, St. Louis; M. Dresser, Sacramento; G. W. French, Sacramento; J. S. Roberts, city; Louis Tolton, Chicago; S. Glass, San Francisco; Dr. P. Harmon, Oakland; E. Driggs, city; Frank M. Smith, Martinez; Charles Agustine Gravos, Martinez.

THE NILE CLUB.

160 Washington Street.

SAY! FELLERS!

There's going to be a ding-dong meetin' in the grangers hall on the Nile at Saturday night, which is the twelfth day of January. We sellers from PENNIN-Sainte are goin' to run the Nile 12th and 13th, and want every gal turned out of 3,000 to bee there! We're goin' to let her lots of HAD'ER and baked APPLES, and Moon-turkey Hayseed Oreez. Try will be that full (they'll be full)—so bee that yesterday morning when the thermometer stood at 22 degrees.

"While there was a good deal more frost yesterday morning," said local prognosticator Sainte, "the atmosphere is comfortable, than we have witnessed so far this season. It was by no means the coldest day of the winter. That honor belongs to Tuesday of last week when the thermometer stood at 22 degrees."

"However, there was a good deal of ice about in ponds and I dare say that this is the coldest winter—that is in spells—that we have had within the past ten years. In fact I don't remember when the thermometer dropped down to 28 at it did yesterday morning."

"Of course this sharp frost is injurious to all tender plants, but the hardy ones will not suffer any."

"The cold snap keeps fruit trees back, but that is not objectionable just now. It ripens the wood and keeps the buds in, but it would have been more welcome about December 1st. The cold snap is now broken and we are enjoying welcome rains."

NO DAMAGE BY FROST.

The frost this season is a record-breaker.

According to H. M. Sanborn, the thermometers at the nursery showed 26 degrees above zero at 12 o'clock yesterday morning, and 16 degrees below the freezing point.

With the sunshine returning soon, brought it up to 45 degrees at 11 o'clock.

The coldest day of the season was a week ago last Tuesday, when the thermometer stood at 22 degrees, which was considered by old-timers the coldest since the cold snap experienced hereabouts in many a year.

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REV. M. N. RAY REMAINS.

Rev. M. N. Ray, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, will withdraw his resignation which was tendered to the vestry of this church several months ago at a time when his high church proclivities aroused antagonism in the society. This action will be taken because the reverend gentleman has been elected to the office of rector of St. John's by his congregation, and he will remain with his present charge, as opposition to

The Pace House

THE H. C. CARWELL CO.

Cor. Twelfth and Washington Streets, Oakland

Reductions in Prices but Not in Values

—this tells the whole story of our busy January sale and it applies to every department in the store.

Reduction in Ladies' Neckwear	Reduction in Table Linen
Reduction in Leather Goods	Reduction in Flannelette
Reduction in Ladies' Knit Underwear	Reduction in Comforters
Reduction in Ladies' Hosiery	Reduction in Lace Curtains
Reduction in Embroideries	Reduction in Blankets
Reduction in Woolen Waists	Reduction in Furniture Coverings
Reduction in Elderdown Garments	Reduction in Portieres and Draperies

INFANTS' WEAR

These are manufacturers samples. All are beautifully made garments and many are marked to one half their regular prices.

Lawn Slips, cambric and nainsook, trimmed with lace and dainty embroideries—Prices 25c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 1.00, 1.25 and up to 2.50.

Christening Robes, elegantly finished with lace and embroidery—Special prices, 25c, 3.00, 3.50 4.00 and up to 9.95.

Short Dresses, sizes 6 months to 4 years, all such as delight mothers—Prices, 45c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 1.00, 1.25 and up to 4.50.

Short Skirts, for little ones from 6 months to 4 years—Special prices 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, up to 1.50.

Long Skirts, cambric and nainsook, extra dainty finish—Special prices 65c, 75c, 1.00, 1.25 to 3.25.

Something Very Neat is a lot of short dresses with French tucked waists, sizes 2 to 4 years—Special values, 1.95.

Fancy Dancing Dresses, sizes from 3 to 5 years—Prices, 2.50, 2.50, 2.85, 3.25 and up to 6.00.

CHILDREN'S HEADWEAR

Every hat and cap in the department greatly reduced.

Infants' Colored Silk Caps at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c, up to 1.25.

Fancy Silk and Velvet Caps. Prices 1.95 and 2.75. These are extra special offers.

Reduction in Table Linen

Reduction in Flannelette

Reduction in Comforters

Reduction in Lace Curtains

Reduction in Blankets

Reduction in Furniture Coverings

Reduction in Portieres and Draperies

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

This refers to our regular stock of Royal garments, such as we have prided ourselves upon for years, and all are at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' Gowns—35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, up to 2.90.

An excellent gown is made of cambric, sleep yoke of lace, insering and tuck; neck, yoke and sleeves finished with lawn ruffle and edged with lace—Special, 75c.

Chemises, prices 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, and 1.00.

A good chemise, made of muslin, embroidery and insertion yoke; finished with lace throughout—Special, 35c.

Muslin Drawers, Special prices, 17c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 50c, up to 1.75.

Extra good value in ladies' drawers, a muslin garment, umbrella style with deep flounce of cambric with lace insering and edging—Special, 50c.

Ladies' Muslin Petticoats—Special price, 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c and up to 4.50.

EIDERDOWN FLANNELS

The balance of all our 35c and 45c eiderdown flannels, in solid colors and fancy stripes, have been marked, to close out, at.....25c.

Full width petticoat, deep cambric flounce with lace insering and edging, dust ruffle—special 75c.

CALIFORNIA AT PARIS EXPOSITION.

W. W. Foote Tells of Our State Made a Work Done By the Grand Showing at Commission. the Fair.

The California Paris Commission has made a synoptical report to the Governor. A more detailed report will be made later on. The present report, however, shows the fine work done by the commission.

One of the results is unusual, especially in view of the fact that the State and private exhibitors from the State took so many of the awards given at the Exposition.

Of the \$10,000 appropriated by the Legislature for the furtherance of the work of the commission, that body will turn back to the State, after paying all bills of every sort whatever, the sum of \$10,000. In addition to this, several specimens which had been placed in charge of the commission have been returned to its owner without the loss of as much as 1 cent. When it is remembered that thousands of dollars' worth of specimens sent to the World's Fair at Chicago were lost and never recovered, this particular item certainly will serve to show how closely the commissioners watched its affairs in Paris.

Out of a total of 500 exhibitors from California 585 received awards at the hands of the International Jury. The State of California received five awards at the Grande Palais in the collective exhibits and the additional gold medals in Education, Social Science, Map of California, Dried Fruits and University Plans.

One-third of all the gold, silver and bronze medals awarded to the United States was awarded to California and her citizens, 88 per cent of the exhibits from California taking prizes.

In addition to the regular exhibits of the commission an efficient corps of assistants conversant with the various European languages was constantly on hand to tell of the resources of the State to all who came to listen. A commercial bureau was also maintained, the function of

which was to distribute throughout Europe pamphlets, books and maps showing the resources of the State.

W. W. Foote said yesterday, in speaking of the work done by the commission:

"We tried to make the name of California known all over Europe. We went there to advertise California, and did it in every way that we thought would bring the best results. In addition to the exhibitors at the Exposition, we secured a splendid suit of rooms on the Place de l'Opera and entertained all who visited us there. The rooms were always open to visitors, and Americans, and especially Californians, always found a welcome there. Thousands of people from all parts of the world were entertained in the rooms of the commission, and we did our best to make California a household word across the water. On the Fourth of July we gave an entertainment that will be remembered for many years to come in Paris. We secured from the officials permission to erect a band stand in the street opposite our rooms, this being the only time in the history of Paris that such permission has been given. On this stand we had our band playing from 10 to 1 o'clock, and it attracted as big a crowd as could get in at the streets. We employed 200 policemen, at an expense of 40 francs, to keep a narrow pathway to the door of our headquarters. There were not less than 25,000 people packed in the street listening to the music, and inside the rooms the crush was something wonderful. Fully 4,000 Americans came by invitation to the rooms and were entertained in a California manner. Rose Helds and two other singers were there and sang at intervals.

"The band stand on the street was decorated with American and California colors and covered with electric lights. The words 'United States' and 'California' were emblazoned on the top so everyone could see them. I never saw such a crowd in my life, and they seemed to enjoy the spectacle from beginning to end. As we were not satisfied regarding calling on the State to pay for the band and street display, I went out on the streets and street display. I went out among the Californians and raised \$1,000 within an hour. This paid Sosa. We had another entertainment on Admission day, but it

WE VACATE Jan. 29th

Carved Leather OVALS
Lines Drawn Work And Fine Variety
Carols, Etc.

ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES

MEXICAN STORE, 114 Stockton, S. E.

was nothing like this one. The Fourth of July celebration occupied three floors of the building where we had our rooms, but the Admission day entertainment was in the United States administration building.

"At the Admission day celebration not less than 3,000 Americans visited the rooms, and it seemed as if we were back in the United States again. We desired to show our appreciation of the Native Sons in this celebration, and the Bear flag was displayed all over the place. Our idea was to advertise California, and we took it that what the people wanted to do with the money. We advertised California, no other State was ever advertised, and I think the entertainments, public and private, that the commission gave to the visitors did more to make the State remembered than the exhibits in the big Exposition."

THE REPORT.

The synoptical report of the Paris Exposition Commission to the Governor is as follows:

BOSTON, MASS., January 5, 1901.—Henry T. Gage, Governor of the State of California: Pursuant to an act appropriating money to pay the expense of collecting, preparing, forwarding, installing, maintaining and returning an exhibit of the products of the State of California, at the Paris Exposition in 1900. Also for preparing and printing literature for distribution at said Exposition, and providing a commission and expense of commission and attaches. (Approved March 20, 1900.)

Carrying out the provision of said act, it was your pleasure to name an such commissioners: F. W. Runyon of Redding, W. W. Fonte of Oakland and Major Gen. C. Truman of Los Angeles. Immediately upon receipt of their commissions these gentlemen proceeded to organize by the election of F. W. Runyon as president and elected Varney W. Clark as their secretary.

The exhibits of this State were collected with the utmost care, were duly forwarded and handsomely installed in the different departments and pavilions at the Paris Exposition, namely, Horticulture, Agriculture, Mining, Forestry and Fisheries; these being the five groups in which the California Commission exerted all their energies.

This State was allotted six jurors, one for each of these departments and one for the department of Chemistry, the different groups were divided into 105 different classes, of which California had a splendid representation in twenty-four of them. This State had an elegant display consisting of a full line of all varieties of dried, canned, preserved, fresh or frozen fruits, raisins, nuts, wines, oils, olives, currents, wool, woods, leather, perfumery, soaps, education, social economy and various industries.

The following summary of awards speaks for itself: Out of a total of 500 exhibitors from this State 585 received awards at the hands of the international jury, thus it will be seen that all our exhibitors 98 per cent received awards, and only 50 per cent of the world's exhibitors received any mention. Included in these awards the State of California secured a grand prize for its collective exhibits in each of the five departments above mentioned, and five additional gold medals on separate exhibits in these and other departments. California exhibits were distributed in the different departments and grouped with similar exhibits of the world. Attractive signs were placed conspicuously over California exhibits directing the visitors to our State display, which had been artistically arranged, and the name of California soon became the very center of the most popular household word.

Another feature of the commission's work, and which brought great prominence to the State, was the headquarters, bureau of information, collective exhibits and offices, maintained at 8 Place du Louvre quarter of Paris, which drew thousands of visitors of all nationalities seeking information of the resources of our State. It can be stated this was the only State in the Union that maintained such headquarters outside of the Exposition.

An efficient corps of assistants familiar with the resources of our great State and conversant with the French, German, Spanish and Italian languages were always on hand at these headquarters to furnish any information required, also to

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PROFESSOR IN A TIGHT CORNER

(Continued From Page 2)

creek valley are supplied from the Niles gravel bed, while the Roberts' Landing wells have their source of supply in the San Lorenzo gravel bed, which is comparatively insignificant. Thus at one stroke Moore proves the value of the Alvarado well and the comparative worthlessness of the Roberts' Landing wells. It was apparent that he intended to show that the range of hills between Niles and Hayward shut off the artesian flow at the mouth of Niles canyon from the wells at San Lorenzo.

A recess was taken till 1 o'clock.

IN TROUBLE WITH CONTOURS.

In the afternoon Professor Lawson got tangled up with contours between Hayward and Dry Creek. He had traveled the roads, but had no idea about them other than what he derived from a study of the maps. Dry Creek is between Niles and Hayward.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

When THE TRIBUNE went to press yesterday witness Roberts was still on the stand.

The witness admitted, between the attorneys' scruples, that he had made additions to his memorandum after making the entries. He said he had done this to identify the borings samples which he had preserved, but got somewhat confused in explaining how he came to do this. Under stress of cross questioning he stated that he might have made several entries at one time and further on with some time made entries as to what occurred one day on the following day.

"Who took the readings at the wells?" "I did."

"Did you take them continuously?" "No; that was an approximation."

"Then at the time you said 21.00 gallons a day was being pumped from this well it was a mere approximation."

"The pressure showed how much water was flowing over the well."

"Did you look at the pressure gauge yourself?"

"Yes."

"How often?"

"I cannot say. I was around there during the day."

"Were you there at night?"

"No."

"Did you ever look at the pressure gauge at all during the night?"

"No."

"Was it necessary to look at the pressure gauge to tell how much water was being pumped?"

"Yes."

"If the pressure wasn't there the machine wouldn't be doing the work."

"Was it not just as necessary to look at the pressure gauge during the night as during the day?"

"I suppose so."

SIZES OF A CUBIC FOOT.

It developed that the witness had made no record of the pumping during the time the chief engineer was personally in charge of the work. This person passed through the examination at different times under a name which sounded like two sneers sandwiched between a k and a y.

Indefinitely witness stated that a cubic foot of water contained 7.5 cubic gallons.

"What is a cubic foot of water?"

"It is a foot square six inches wide."

"Take your finger out of your mouth; I can't hear you distinctly."

"I will speak more distinctly, but I prefer to let my hand remain where it is."

The professor had previously stated he could not tell how much water could be obtained from the Penitentiary fan.

"Will it yield half as much as the Alameda fan?"

"I should judge not."

"Is the fan of Penitentiary creek connected with the Alameda fan?"

"I think it is."

"Is the Penitentiary a considerable stream?"

"I don't say so."

"Is it an inconsiderable stream?"

"I didn't say that; either."

"Take your finger out of your mouth; I can't hear you distinctly."

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The professor had previously stated he could not tell how much water could be obtained from the Penitentiary fan.

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"Will it yield one-fortieth as much?"

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"Will it yield one-twentieth as much?"

"I cannot give an estimate."

WEELS, MAY, HILLCOMB, SALT.

Under the searching questions of Moore, Professor Lawson admitted that excessive pumping near the shore would draw the water out, all water from the bay to be drawn in by the suction. He told the教授 created a disturbance in the sedimentary deposit in the bottom of the bay which would permit the sea water to be drawn into the subterranean channel.

"What is the rate of movement of the water in this fan you describe at Niles?"

"I cannot state how fast it flows. There is a slow movement through the gravel toward the bay."

"When it gets to the bay, what then?"

"It escapes into the bay."

"It finds openings through the gravel and clay to get through."

"The water finds underground channels open into salt water."

"The water finds a way to escape."

"How do you know it does?"

"I have been told."

"I don't care what you have been told; do you know anything but what you have been told?"

"No."

"Then you don't know anything about it of your own knowledge?"

NEVER HEARD THE STARS SING.

"If the water did not escape into the bay from the underground channel would it keep on running?"

"The first water that came down Alvarado Creek would still be there if it did not drain off by the hand." "I think it would."

"It did not escape the water that came down at the earliest time—which the stars sang together would be still there?"

"I don't know when that was."

"No matter when it was, the water would still be there, wouldn't it?"

"I never heard the stars sing."

"If the water would not escape could there be any fan, then when the storage basin became filled up?"

The geologist ducked like a mud hen; he was convinced that the water got out somehow. Moore could not pin him to any clever statement.

MATTER OF RELATIVE HEIGHTS.

"What elevation above the sea level is Niles?"

"Eleven feet."

"Alvarado is at about four feet above the sea level. Is it not?"

"I think it is twelve feet above the tide level at the railroad station."

"The wells at Roberts' Landing are fifteen feet above the sea level, are they not?"

"Not quite that much, I believe."

"What is below the gravel?"

"What is below that?"

"Bedrock."

"Now if a well is sunk 100 feet, after it passes through the forty-five feet of gravel the other 55 feet would be in bedrock, would it not?"

"Well, how much?"

"I can't tell."

"But you know that there is forty-five feet of it carrying water?"

"It sinks an average of forty-five feet."

"Its wells are sunk from 50 to 75 feet deep at a point only a few feet above the sea level, what keeps the sea water out of them?"

The pressure from the storage tank in 1 speck."

"But suppose that is exhausted."

"I only figured on two-thirds of it as the available supply," answered the witness hastily.

"You only calculated down to the sea

level, didn't you?" interrupted Hayne. "Only to the sea level."

"Then why do they go down six or seven hundred feet below the sea level?"

"To get the pressure."

"Then the lowest points in the underground channel commands the flow from the storage basin?"

"To a certain extent, yes."

"Niles is eighty feet above sea level, and you only calculated the water storage to the sea levels; why do not wells at Niles go forty to eighty feet deep flow artesian water?"

This was a poser, and after some sparring was left unanswered.

The professor confessed his inability to answer the following question prompted by Engineer Adams who has returned to see the city's experts harried by the lawyers.

"In the replenishment of gravel beds, does not the permeability of the stream's bed exercise an important influence as does the quantity and direction of the stream's flow?"

"At a few more playful and sarcastic quizzing Moore admitted the crumpled professor contemplated a return to Hayne, who proceeded to clobber up the gaping chasm in his testimony.

Court adjourned till next Monday.

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"No."

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LOSE THE GRIP

BY GETTING
UNDER COVER OF
ONE OF OUR
OVERCOATS

We said yesterday that our Overcoats were not going fast enough to suit us. They are on the move now. The assortment is still good—the qualities all the same, but the price is lower—they come from the best makers in the United States.

Men's Underwear

At 65c a piece—Shirts and Drawers, vicuna ribbed and natural wool—all splendid articles.

At 95c a piece—Shirts and Drawers—wool fleece in tan, light blue and pink—fine ribbed or plain—Value at 1.50.

For the Boys

We have several full lines in Cheviot Suits—natty patterns—cut in the latest styles and well finished.

We also have a pretty little box Overcoat for the little men. Just the thing for these cold days. The prices run from 3.25 up.

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LEGISLATORS ARE DOWN TO WORK.

Many Bills Were Introduced in Both Houses. Speaker Pendleton Re-members Friends on Committees.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 11—Something of a stir was created yesterday afternoon, after the noon recess. Organization of the new House had been effected with the exception at any rate of the announcement of the House Committee, and a good many men decided to leave for their homes to stay until Monday morning. Some of them went for good, their labors having been completed when Speaker Pendleton was elected and his list of committees practically completed. John G. Ladd, State Auditor, Revenue officer; and Edward O'Roy, Colonel Burn's confidential man, were among the latter. These two returned to the bay with new laurels as political managers. They handled the interests of the Burn men with great tact and effect. It was in fact, a quickly recognized and admirably used point which the Burn lieutenants used to compass the defeat of Aiden Anderson and raise to the seat of Speaker. "Sam" Burn, a tried and tested adherent of the absent Colonel Attorney-General T. R. Ford and his assistant, William Abbott return-

ed to San Francisco this afternoon after a brief stay at the capital, in the course of which the Attorney-General gave attention to certain bills which he desired to have made laws. Colonel Samuel Burn, who has no point of attending all legislative sessions, has been here a few days, but returned to the bay yesterday afternoon. It has been said that Rutledge was interested in the proposed race track bills, but this is denied by those who have these matters in charge. The bills, apart from the one relating to pool selling, will aim to have a term for racing at any track in the State. This will be opposed by the Oakland track people. Stewardship on this subject would certainly be taken in by the Burn men. They will be opposed to the bill to include the tracks out of the hands of the Supervisors and result in the running of two tracks on the peninsula in opposition to the one in Alameda county. It is not thought that any bill fixing a stated period of racing for all tracks in the State can be passed through the Legislature.

A note to all of Nevada has a bill introducing the responsibility of fire insurance companies. It applies to real property only and requires companies to pay, in case of loss, the full amount of insurance upon which they have charged and accepted premiums. Senator Sorrell has a bill which will prove interesting to members of the legal profession. It amends Section 1401 of the Civil Code to read as follows:

"Upon the death of either husband or wife, the community property, without administration, belongs to the survivor, leaving him in full possession of the property, subject alike with separate property to testamentary disposition or succession." The effect of this bill is to put the wife on the same plane with the husband, so far as survivorship is concerned, to the exclusion of all other heirs.

The University bills in charge of Senator Howell made their appearance and Cutler introduced the bill exempting the property of Stanford University from taxation. Smith and Burn introduced a measure providing for the establishment of a polytechnic school at San Luis Obispo. Senator Smith also introduced a bill relating to the location of oil and other mining claims which is looked upon as one of the most important measures likely to be acted upon during the present session of the Legislature.

Among the bills which were shown upon the desk of the Secretary of the Senate yesterday afternoon was one relating to the salaries of the officers of the Supreme Court. This is a measure which is being engineered by the Alameda delegation, particularly in the interest of a well-known Alamedan. The bill makes no changes in the salaries of the officers of the Supreme Court except in the case of the position of secretary, now held by R. A. Marshall of Oakland. Marshall has been in that office in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, but when George Root went in he was out and injured, and for the time had to accept a secretaryship at the meager salary of \$100 per month. There are other secretaries who receive \$200 per month, and as Marshall is an experienced and competent man it is proposed now to raise his salary from \$100 to \$200.

Hot water bottle..... \$1.00
Rubber bottle..... \$1.00
Colored bottle, and with care will last several years.
(prescription Work Out Specialty)

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Cut Rate
DRUG STORE
Cor. tenth and Washington Sts.
OAKLAND, CAL.

At the afternoon session of the As-

sembly, which was called to order at 5 o'clock, quite a spirited discussion took place among the members of the minority over the question of appointing a stenographer for the Democrats. They had been given a clerk, and some of them wanted a stenographer. A resolution was introduced to appoint a man to that office. Cowan of Santa Rosa objected, but the resolution to appoint was carried.

It was at this session that Speaker Pendleton handed down his appointments of committees. Following is the list:

Agriculture—Stewart of San Diego, Hanen, Walker, Hourigan, Higby, Williams, Kincaid, Atchison and Employees—Brown of San Francisco, Chapman, Cowan, Bliss, Henry, Bremerton, McLaughlin, Banks and Banking—Barney (chairman), Knowland, Macbeth, Savage, Cowan, Census and Apportionment—Carter (chairman), Schilling, Greer, Higby, Knight, Halston, Knowland, Gans, James, Miller, Irving, Calum—Henry (chairman), Foster, Stewart of Amador, Hourigan, Mattos, Stephen, Sherman, Commerce and Navigation—Bradley (chairman), McNeil, Barnes, Kelley, Radcliffe, Brown of San Francisco, Collins of San Francisco, McLaughlin, Reeher, Commissions and Public Expenditures—Anderson of Solano (chairman), Hansen, Brady, Treadwell, Melick, Blies, Irving, Contested Elections—Guilfoyle (chairman), Savage, Gans, Brown of San Francisco, McNeil, Wade, Schlesinger, McLaughlin, Corporations—Broughton (chairman), Webber, Balston, Anderson of Solano, Schilling, McNeil, Guilfoyle, Schlesinger, McLaughlin, Counties and County Boundaries—Cromwell (chairman), Blies, Melick, Milne, of Butte, Fellz, County and Township Governments—McWade (chairman), Brown of San Mateo, Benning, Rutherford, Webster, Seward, San Diego, Bauer, Roberts, Lewis, San Francisco, Gans, Roberts, Lewin, Ladd, Haley, Dailes and Dairy Products—McNeil (chairman), Roberts, Higby, Stewart, Minck, Chandler, Cromwell, Williams, Leavason, Education—Gans (chairman), Foster, Weston, John, Rutherford, Sutro, Vinton, Employment and Enrollment—Franklin (chairman), Anderson of Santa Clara, Berry, Clarke, Mattos, Chiles, Reeder, Fruit and Vine Interests—McNeil (chairman), Anderson of Solano, Benning, Chandler, Cromwell, Williams, Leavason, Fish and Game—Collins of Butte (chairman), McNeil, Higby, Anderson, Santa Clara, Brown of San Francisco, Williams, Sutro, Federal Relations—Knight (chairman), Knowland, Melick, Broughton, Miller, Irrigation—Milice (chairman), McNeil, Radcliffe, Myers, Barnes, Atherton, Chandler, Hale, Ray, Judiciary—Johnson (chairman), Knight, Brown of San Mateo, Dunlap, Gans, Carter, Collins of Butte, Chiles, Franklin, McNeil, Savage, Clarke, Bauer, Fisk, James, Cowan, Laird, Sheridan, Feltz, Labor and Capital—Hourigan (chairman), Guilfoyle, Anderson of Santa Clara, Duryea, Stewart of San Diego, Miller, James, Manufactures and Internal Improvements—Butler (chairman), Knowland, Dunlap, Hanen, Atherton, Chiles, Irving, Leverage—Evatt (chairman), Walker, Mattos, Irish, Hubbard, Military Affairs—Hennink (chairman), Milice, Sanderson of Santa Clara, Munyon's Kidney Cure

AT BED TIME
I take a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver, kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from the bark of the plant and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25 and 50 cents. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address: Dr. Orator P. Woodward, 161 Bay, N. Y.

AGAIN

We will Open Our Doors, To-morrow, SATURDAY Morning, January 12, 1901, at 9 O'clock A. M.

We have on hand \$25,000.00 of clean desirable merchandise which we will sell at prices far below cost.

The sale will last thirty days, and not one hour more—every article of merchandise must go. IT'S UP TO YOU NOW. AND AT THE PRICES YOU CAN'T PASS US UP.

ALL	the 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 values in Gent's neckwear. Tecks, Imperials, Band Bows, Bat Wings, etc.	13 C each
ALL	the 50c and 75c Underwear, Grey Merino, Ribs, Camel's Hair, Natural Wools, etc.	29 C each
ALL	the 25c, 35c and 50c Men's Fancy Socks, all sizes.	19 C pair
ALL	the 50c and 75c Men's Working Gloves, all sizes.	35 C pair
ALL	the \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 Men's Working Gloves, all sizes.	65 C pair
ALL	the 12½c and 15c Men's Collars, all sizes.	3½ C each
ALL	the Men's Unlaunched Shirts, sizes 14 to 17.	29 C each
ALL	the 25c Grey Merino Sox, Natural, Blues and Greens, the 15c colored sox fast colors.	9 C pair

HERE'S WHERE WE CUT THEM DEEP

Men's all wool Suits that were \$8.50.....	Now \$3.95
Men's Pants that were \$2.50.....	Now 1.15
Men's Working Pants that were \$1.00.....	Now 25c
Boys' Suits that were \$2.95.....	Now 1.25
Boys' Knee Pants, any Pair in the house.....	35c

And numerous other lines of wearing apparel greatly reduced in price—reductions within your reach—reduced so they will all be sold before the new firm takes possession—March 1st, 1901.

Come to-morrow, if not to-day. Come every day, day, day.

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THE HEESEMAN STOCK

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ra, Clark, Irish, Cowan, Cavagnaro, Mine and Mining Interests—Ratson (chairman), Irish, Durson, Ruthford, Stewart of Amador, Chandler, Hubbard, Ray, Laird.

Municipal Corporations—Savage (chairman), Fiske, Walker, McWade, Macbeth, Cowan, Laird.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Rutherford (chairman), Barnes, Hourigan, John, Foster, Knight, Butler, Collins of Butte, Reeber, McLaughlin, Feliz.

Public Health and Quarantine—Hanson (chairman), Foster, Franklin, Hourigan, Evatt, Cavagnaro, Kline.

Public Lands and Forestry—John (chairman), Hasson, Myers, Bower, Clark, Rutherford, John, Foster, Knight, Butler, Collins of Butte, Reeber, McLaughlin, Feliz.

Public Morals—Webber (chairman), Knight, McNeil, McWade, Brady, Savage, Johnson, Simpson, Ray.

Public Printing—Kelleys (chairman), Dunlap, Fiske, Henry, Butler, Sheriff, Kline.

Public Works, State Capitol and Parks—Collins of San Francisco (chairman), Franklin, Evatt, Butler, Blies, Atherton, Wright, Levinson.

Revolving and Reform of Laws—Treadwell (chairman), Mattos, Duran, Clark, Broughton, Stewart of Amador, Irish, Schilling, Schlesinger, Sutro, Wright.

Roads and Highways—Merritt (chairman), Greer, Carter, Collins of Butte, Mattos, Stewart of Amador, Clarke, Ray, Hale, Williams.

Rules and Regulations—Dunlap (chairman), Johnson, Rutherford, Schlesinger, Mr. Speaker.

State Hospitals and Asylums—Schilling (chairman), Benning, Webber, Dunlap, Radcliffe, Macbeth, Henry, Guilfoyle, Miller, Cowan, Wright.

State Library—Pauer (chairman), Walker, Treadwell, McNeil, Levinson.

State Prisons and Reformatory Institutions—Irish (chairman), Savage, Brady, Brown of San Mateo, Merritt, Evert, Franklin, Schlesinger, Simpson.

Swamps and Overflowed Lands and River Improvements—Greer (chairman), Radcliffe, Merritt, Cromwell, Mel-

ice, Berry, Haley, Reeber, Sutro. Immigration—Roberts (chairman), Atherton, Berry, Brown of San Mateo, Collins of San Francisco, Brady, Hansen, Cavagnaro, Hubbard.

Ways and Means—Fiske (chairman), Anderson of Solano, Carter, Schilling, Roberts, Kelly, Greer, Rutherford, James, Cowan, Laird.

It was observed that Speaker Pendleton did not forget his enemies when he was slating the chairman of the standing committees. In the southern delegation there were two men who were adamant in their opposition to the election of Pendleton. Melick of Pasadena was the first to lead the revolt against the Pendleton plan, and he had an able second in Clark of Ventura. In past sessions Melick had been chairman of some very important committees, but this time he finds that he has no chairmanships swing to his belt. He told some other members from the South that they were very foolish to fancy that Pendleton could be elected, and now those members smile when they see Mr. Melick go by. Clark stood with Melick to the very last, voting against Pendleton in the final vote. Clark still stands with Melick.

In the number of chairmanships he received at the hands of Mr. Pendleton, except in these and a very few other instances Speaker Pendleton has given the members what they wanted as closely as it was possible for him to do.

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It is a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver, kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from the bark of the plant and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25 and 50 cents. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address: Dr. Orator P. Woodward, 161 Bay, N. Y.

New Hardware Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Eastman Manufacturing Company were filed today. The purpose of the company is to manufacture and deal in hardware. The principal place of business will be in Oakland. The capital stock is \$25,000, of which each of the following have subscribed the sum of \$5: Thomas H. Holmes, L. D. Inskape, Clyde S. Corr